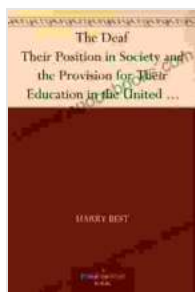


The Deaf: Their Position in Society and the Provision for Their Education in the US

This book provides a comprehensive overview of the history of the Deaf community in the United States, from the early days of colonization to the present day. It explores the challenges faced by Deaf people throughout history, as well as the progress that has been made in terms of their education and social status.



The Deaf Their Position in Society and the Provision for Their Education in the United States by Lisa Dodson

★★★★☆ 4.6 out of 5

Language : English
File size : 2287 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Screen Reader : Supported
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled
Word Wise : Enabled
Print length : 258 pages
Lending : Enabled



The Early Years

The first Deaf people in the United States were brought over from Europe by colonists in the 17th century. These early Deaf people faced a great deal of prejudice and discrimination. They were often seen as being uneducable and incapable of living independently. As a result, they were often hidden away from society or placed in institutions.

In the early 19th century, a number of Deaf people began to organize and advocate for their rights. They established schools for the Deaf and began to develop a Deaf culture and identity. These early advocates played a key role in the development of American Sign Language (ASL) and the Deaf community.

The 20th Century

The 20th century saw a number of important changes for the Deaf community in the United States. In 1965, the Civil Rights Act was passed, which prohibited discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. This law had a significant impact on the lives of Deaf people, as it helped to end discrimination against them in employment, education, and other areas of life.

In 1975, the Education for All Handicapped Children Act (EHA) was passed. This law guaranteed that all children with disabilities, including Deaf children, have the right to a free and appropriate public education. The EHA has led to significant improvements in the education of Deaf children.

The 21st Century

The 21st century has seen continued progress for the Deaf community in the United States. Deaf people are now more visible in society and are more likely to be employed, educated, and independent. There are also a number of organizations that provide services and support to the Deaf community.

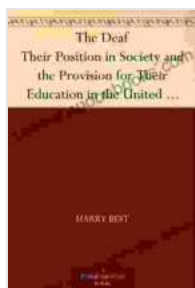
However, there are still a number of challenges that Deaf people face. These challenges include discrimination, lack of access to services, and

unemployment. The Deaf community continues to advocate for their rights and for a more inclusive society.

The Deaf community in the United States has a long and rich history. Deaf people have faced a great deal of prejudice and discrimination, but they have also made great progress in terms of their education and social status. The Deaf community continues to advocate for their rights and for a more inclusive society.

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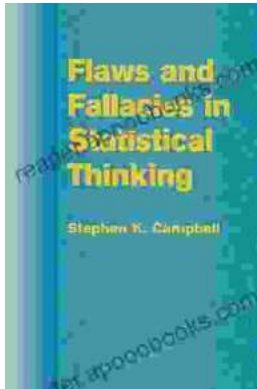
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